The Queensland Ministerial Handbook

Governing Queensland

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Content of the Queensland Ministerial Handbook is subject to change without notice. Please check the Amendments Schedule on the back of the introduction. The most recent version of this book and other books in the Governing Queensland Suite can be found at www.premiers.qld.gov.au in the publications section.

Introduction

The Queensland Ministerial Handbook has been developed to assist Ministers, Assistant Ministers and their staff in the running of the Ministerial Office and is designed to act as a single, simple and user friendly reference.

The Handbook sets out the common policies, practices and procedures to be adopted in Ministerial Offices with respect to financial management, human resource management, provision of accommodation, assets, entertainment, travel, information technology security, and other policy issues relating to the functioning of the Ministerial Office. Ministerial Services will, as is required and with the approval of the Premier, issue amendments and an updated index, to ensure that the Handbook remains current.

The Handbook does not affect the operations of Electorate Offices or alter any of the Parliamentary entitlements of Ministers as Members of the Legislative Assembly as provided for in the "Members' Remuneration Handbook" and should be read in conjunction with the Members' Remuneration Handbook. Where a conflict arises, Ministerial Services should be contacted.

The Ministerial Handbook does not modify or affect the application of the Criminal Law or the application and requirements of the *Financial Accountability Act* 2009.

Ministers and their staff operate in an environment of rigorous accountability and their actions and expenditure are likely to come under close public scrutiny. Further, the public expects and demands the highest standards of ethical behaviour and propriety from Ministers and ministerial staff.

Ministerial Services, Department of the Premier and Cabinet acts on behalf of the Director-General, as the Accountable Officer, to define predetermined standards, to examine documentation and to seek additional information or explanation where necessary to ensure the highest standards of probity are maintained.

The Ministerial Handbook is available online at www.premiers.qld.gov.au in the Publications section.

Correspondence relating to the Ministerial Handbook should be addressed to:

The Director Ministerial Services Department of the Premier and Cabinet PO Box 15185 CITY EAST QLD 4002

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1 Human Resource Management

1.1 Office staff

Ministers are entitled to staff and resources to assist them in the performance of their duties. Staff provide support to the Minister in fulfilling portfolio responsibilities. It is important for the Minister to make sure their staff members are aware of:

- a. the roles and responsibilities of the portfolio within the overall policy platform of government; and
- b. the scope and sensitivities attached to the Minister's portfolio.

1.1.1 Staff entitlement

The number and classification level of staff may vary between ministerial offices depending on portfolio requirements. Remuneration levels for staff recognise qualifications and experience and are determined by the Premier.

Ministers should provide a signed written recommendation to the Premier regarding the number and level of staff they need in their office. The Office of the Premier will then advise the ministerial office and Ministerial Services of the Premier's decision.

The tables below provide a general guide of classification ranges for ministerial staff.

CLASSIFICATION GUIDE – SENIOR PORTFOLIO							
SES3	aff						
SES2	Chief of Staff						
SO(3)	Chief	olicy					
SO(2)		or Pc sor					
SO(1)		Senior Policy Advisor	æ				
AO8			Senior Media Advisor	_			
A07			Senior I Advisor	Advisor			
AO6			Ser Adv	Adv		ger	
AO5					stant	Executive Assistant/ Office Manager	
AO4					Assistant Advisor	Executive Assistant/ Office Man	
AO3							in. Ger
AO2							Admin. Officer

CLASSIFICATION GUIDE – JUNIOR PORTFOLIO							
SES2	aff						
SO(3)	of St						
SO(2)	Chief of Staff	<u> </u>					
SO(1)		Senior Policy Advisor					
AO8		icy A					
A07		or Pol	<u>ia</u>				
AO6		Senic	Senior Media Advisor	sor			
AO5			Senior I Advisor	Advisor		Executive Assistant/ Office Manager	
AO4					Assistant Advisor	Executive Assistant/ Office Mar	
AO3					Assistaı Advisor	Exe Ass Offii	in. cer
AO2							Admin. Officer

Additionally, each Minister is entitled to a position of Chauffeur, classification OO3.

1.1.2 Departmental Liaison Officers

Departmental Liaison Officers (DLOs) are staff appointed by their department to facilitate communication and liaison between the ministerial office and the portfolio department.

The need for DLOs varies between portfolio departments and DLOs are not appointed in all instances.

DLOs are not an extension to the ministerial staff and their role should be limited to their designated department liaison function. DLOs should not do work that is normally the responsibility of ministerial staff.

Ministers have to consult with the Office of the Premier about their need for a DLO prior to a DLO being appointed.

1.1.3 Basis of employment

All new engagements to ministerial offices are on a temporary basis initially for a period of three months.

The basis of ongoing employment following this three month period depends on whether the staff member has come from within or outside the Queensland Public Service.

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Criminal history checks are a standard requirement for those appointed to a ministerial office. A criminal conviction or charge will not automatically exclude a new engagement from consideration for ongoing employment within a ministerial office.

Ministerial staff drawn from the Queensland Public Service

All staff drawn from the Queensland Public Service to work in ministerial offices are granted leave without pay from their substantive positions.

These staff are appointed on a temporary basis in ministerial offices under s6 of the *Ministerial and Other Office Holder Staff Act 2010* and in line with arrangements approved by the Premier.

The terms and conditions of their appointment are detailed in their appointment letter.

Public servants who accept a position in a ministerial office at a level below their substantive public service role are paid at the ministerial salary level only.

Public servants employed in a ministerial office in a higher level role to their substantive role maintain their substantive salary and are paid an allowance up to their ministerial salary level.

Public servants appointed in this way retain their rights and privileges under the <u>Public Service Act 2008</u> and receive terms and conditions of employment contained in Directives issued under s26(1) and (2) of the <u>Ministerial and Other Office Holder Staff Act 2010</u>.

When the period of temporary appointment ends (or at any time where either the appointee, or the Director-General upon the recommendation of the Minister, decides that the appointment should cease) the staff member returns to the Department from which the leave without pay took place, at the classification level to which they were appointed prior to their temporary engagement in the ministerial office.

All paid leave taken after the end of the temporary appointment is paid at the staff member's substantive departmental salary level.

Ministerial staff engaged from outside the Queensland Public Service

Non-public servants are engaged in a ministerial office under an Employment Contract pursuant to s6 of the *Ministerial and Other Office Holder Staff Act* 2010. Under this engagement they are not officers of the Public Service.

The benefits and conditions of employment include:

- Employment in ministerial offices is subject to the Directives issued under s26(1) and (2) of the *Ministerial and Other Office Holder Staff Act 2010*.
- The hours of work determined by the Chief of Staff.

- The Government meets all necessary expenses that a staff member incurs through performing their official duties in line with policies approved by the Premier.
- If the Engagement is terminated for other than a breach of contract the severance conditions detailed in the Employment Contract apply.

Completion of the three month temporary period

A review of a staff member's service is to be made just prior to the end of the three month period to assess their suitability for ongoing employment.

If a staff member is not recommended for permanent employment, their engagement ceases at the end of the temporary period.

Ministerial Services will write to the employee when formal notification is received from the Office of the Premier.

Approval for the appointment of permanent staff

Ministers should provide a signed written recommendation to the Office of the Premier about the appointment of permanent staff, including proposed salary levels and commencement dates. The Office of the Premier will then advise the ministerial office and Ministerial Services of the Premier's decision.

No salary will be paid to any employee until the Office of the Premier's approval is received.

On receipt of advice from the Office of the Premier, Ministerial Services will send the engagement documentation.

1.1.4 Relief arrangements

Relief staff may be needed when staff are absent on leave or when the office workload temporarily increases beyond its normal capacity.

Relief staff may be sourced through:

- other Ministerial offices; or
- Departments within the Minister's portfolio.

The Minister should provide a signed written recommendation to the Office of the Premier about the relief arrangement, including proposed salary level and commencement date. The Office of the Premier will then advise the ministerial office and Ministerial Services in regards-to a decision.

Costs incurred in sourcing relief staff from departments are a charge to the Office of the Minister. While relieving, the employee is paid by their home agency with recoupment of costs made by way of tax invoice to Ministerial Services.

Relief arrangements will generally only be considered where funds are available within the existing Ministerial office budget.

Ministerial Services will not pay any salary, allowances or tax invoices for relief arrangements until the Office of the Premier's approval is received.

Chauffeurs

Chauffeurs must be available, where practicable, for driving duties for other Ministers, if they are not required by their respective Minister.

The Principal Human Resource Consultant, Ministerial Services may be contacted when relief cannot be found from another office or other sources.

1.1.5 Salary level reviews

The Minister can review the salary levels of his/her staff at any time subject to their available budget for employee related costs.

The Minister should provide a signed written recommendation to the Office of the Premier. The Office of the Premier will then advise the ministerial office and Ministerial Services of the decision on the recommendation.

Salary levels will not be adjusted until the Office of the Premier has approved the increase.

1.1.6 Termination of employment

Contract staff

The Office of the Premier and Ministerial Services must be contacted before any action is taken to terminate the employment of staff.

Staff members who are ceasing employment must return any property that has been assigned to them as early as practicable before exiting the Office of the Minister.

Public Servants employed in Ministerial Offices

The temporary appointment of public servants to ministerial office positions may be terminated at any time if either the appointee or the Director-General, Department of the Premier and Cabinet, upon the recommendation of the Minister, determines that the appointment should cease.

The staff members return to the department from which they had taken leave without pay, and any allowance being paid or salary sacrifice arrangements in place while in the ministerial position will cease.

The Office of the Premier and Ministerial Services should be notified before any action is taken to terminate the temporary appointment of a public servant to a ministerial position.

Cessation of Minister's Commission

When the Governor accepts the resignation or dismissal of a Minister, that Minister ceases to hold a commission and the following consequences will flow:

- a. All temporary appointments of public servants in the Minister's office automatically terminate, unless otherwise determined, and those officers return to their respective Departments at the classification they held immediately prior to their engagement in the ministerial office.
- b. Employment Contracts remain in force pending advice to the Director-General, Department of the Premier and Cabinet, to terminate employment. If employment is terminated, the severance conditions detailed in the Employment Contract will apply.

Change of Government

Termination of existing arrangements

When it is known that there is to be a change of government, the employment of all staff members engaged under an employment contract is terminated effective from the date determined by the Director-General, Department of the Premier and Cabinet.

The temporary appointment of public servants to positions within the ministerial office automatically ceases, unless otherwise determined, and these staff members return to their respective Departments.

Interim staff arrangements for incoming Ministers

In the case of a change of government, the incoming Minister should sign and send an interim staffing list, including salary levels and commencement dates, to the Premier as soon as practicable.

The Office of the Premier will then advise the ministerial office and Ministerial Services in regards-to the Premier's decision.

No salary will be paid under the interim arrangements until approval is received from the Office of the Premier.

All interim staffing arrangements are on a temporary basis until ministerial staffing arrangements are finalised.

Transition of staff

Staff members who were formerly employed within the Office of the Leader of the Opposition may be directly transitioned into positions within Ministers' offices following a change of Government.

Similarly, staff members who were employed within ministerial offices may be directly transitioned into the Office of the Leader of the Opposition following a change of government.

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1.2 Workers' Compensation

If a staff member is involved in an accident either at work, or on the way to or from work, an 'Incident Record/Report' form (E2F1) must be completed. Where the staff member wishes to claim benefits from WorkCover, a claim should be lodged online through WorkCover or their doctor.

1.3 Personal Development

Ministerial Services is committed to providing employees with access to professional development in line with the Learning and Development policy. This training is to be funded within Ministerial office budgets.

1.4 Intern/Volunteer Arrangements

Ministerial offices may engage an intern/volunteer for a period of up to 8 weeks subject to approval from the Office of the Premier <u>prior</u> to the intern/volunteer being engaged. Refer to the <u>Unpaid Internship Guidelines</u> for further detail.

1.5 Employee Assistance Service

The Employee Assistance Service (EAS) is a regular on-site program of care and counselling on personal and work-related issues which is easily accessible to all staff members and their immediate families.

The EAS can help staff members deal with issues such as:

- a. work related problems
- b. emotional stress
- c. marital/family conflicts
- d. alcohol and other drug problems
- e. financial worries
- f. gambling difficulties
- g. grief
- h. trauma

Davidson Trahaire has been contracted to provide these services to Ministerial staff members. The counsellors are all qualified and experienced professionals.

All counselling is strictly confidential and no details can be passed on to anyone without the written permission of the person involved. Counsellors are ethically and legally required to maintain confidentiality. The EAS program is provided free of charge to staff.

Contact: Davidson Trahaire Corpsych

Phone: 1300 360 364

1.6 Discrimination and Harassment in the Workplace

Ministerial Services is committed to providing a workplace free of all forms of discrimination. Discrimination and harassment will not be tolerated in our workplace.

Refer to the <u>Discrimination and Harassment in the Workplace policy</u> for further detail.

Information Management

2 Information Management

The following policy replaces the previous section 2 of *The Queensland Ministerial Handbook* which is now null and void. The policy applies from 20 March 2018.

The Director-General of the Department of the Premier and Cabinet will work with appropriate experts, including the State Archivist and the Crime and Corruption Commission, on the practical application of this policy to the decision-making of Government. This work will take account of resource requirements and costs.

All Ministers, Assistant Ministers and staff employed within ministerial offices are provided with access to the Internet and email through the ministerial network. The use of private email accounts or systems for ministerial portfoliorelated business is STRICTLY PROHIBITED and poses a security risk.

The following information security and records management requirements must be adhered to:

- Public Records Act 2023 and other relevant legislative requirements
- The Queensland Ministerial Handbook
- Department of the Premier and Cabinet *Ministerial Information Security Policy*
- Department of the Premier and Cabinet *Ministerial Bring Your Own Device Policy*
- Queensland State Archives Ministerial Records Policy

2.1 Information security

The *Ministerial Information Security Policy* (the Policy) sets out the security requirements for all users accessing services through the ministerial network. The Policy sets out the principles for the use of Ministerial Services internet, email and social media.

Use of IT systems must be able to withstand public scrutiny and comply with applicable laws, regulations and guidelines.

All users have a responsibility to be ethical and efficient in their use of IT systems. Use of the IT systems may be monitored.

Email and Internet Use

A ministerial email account is provided for *ministerial portfolio-related business*, which is business and activities associated with any of the Minister's portfolio responsibilities as detailed in the relevant *Administrative Arrangements Order*.

Users must ensure all ministerial portfolio-related business is conducted only through their ministerial email account. This is the only approved email system for use for ministerial portfolio-related business. Controls are put in place to maintain the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the system.

If a communication is received in a private email account that relates to ministerial portfolio-related business it must be forwarded from the private email account to the official ministerial email account within 20 days of receipt of the email. If a response is required, a ministerial email account should be used to respond.

Social Media and Messaging Applications

Messaging applications such as Facebook Messenger, SnapChat, and Wickr Me should not be used for ministerial portfolio-related business. WhatsApp and Signal may be used for ministerial portfolio-related business provided appropriate records are maintained in accordance with the *Public Records Act 2023*. The Director-General, Department of the Premier and Cabinet (in consultation with the Premier's Office) may also approve use of messaging applications in exceptional circumstances.

See: Section 2.2 Ministerial records

Consistent with the current Queensland Government Enterprise Architecture *Use of TikTok application policy* issued on 14 April 2023, the TikTok application must not be installed on any government-owned device unless there is an approved legitimate business reason.

Refer to the *Ministerial Information Security Policy* for further advice.

Mobile Devices

The use of smart phones/tablets supported on the network is approved by the Office of the Premier.

Privately owned devices (sometimes known as BYOD) will only be connected to the ministerial network if approved by the Minister or relevant Chief of Staff. Those using approved privately owned devices must agree to comply with the BYOD Policy. Approved devices are managed via the ministerial mobile device management software. Unapproved devices will be seen as a breach to ministerial network security and will be disabled.

Data usage on ministerial-issued devices (including approved privately owned devices) should be monitored closely, as Ministerial Services will not reimburse costs for excessive data usage.

Smart phones/tablets can contain sensitive information. A lost device (including approved privately owned devices) must be reported immediately to the Ministerial Services IT Service Desk who can remotely disable and securely erase the device.

Users travelling overseas with ministerial issued devices must contact Ministerial Services to ensure the appropriate actions have taken place to protect information and avoid hefty international roaming charges on either work provided or personal devices.

2.2 Ministerial records

Ministers, Assistant Ministers and their ministerial office staff are responsible for ensuring their *public records* are made, kept and managed, in accordance with the *Public Records Act 2023*.

The definition of public record in the <u>Public Records Act 2023</u> includes a *ministerial record*. A ministerial record, of a Minister or an Assistant Minister, under the <u>Public Records Act 2023</u> is information recorded on, in, or by using any medium that is made or received:

- by a Minister in the course of carrying out the Minister's portfolio responsibilities
- by the Assistant Minister in the course of carrying out the Assistant Minister's official duties.

Ministerial records cover all aspects of a Minister's responsibilities, including portfolio and departmental responsibilities, legislative responsibilities, correspondence and ministerial office management. However, Ministerial records do not include information that relates to:

- personal activities
- party political activities
- activities in the capacity of being a member of the Legislative Assembly and the representative of an electorate.

The types of public records (regardless of format) created or received in a ministerial office may include:

- ministerial records
- Cabinet documents
- portfolio agency records
- non-public records (documents relating to personal, political or constituent matters)

The Queensland State Archives <u>Ministerial Records Policy</u> details policy requirements for ministerial recordkeeping.

Cabinet Documents

Specific procedures relate to the management of Cabinet documents. These are set out in the <u>Queensland Cabinet Handbook</u>. Advice specific to the portfolio agency should be sought from the Cabinet Legislation and Liaison Officer.

Electronic Data

Back-ups of data stored on the ministerial network are carried out on a daily, weekly and monthly basis. As a disaster recovery measure, ministerial backup tapes are stored off-site.

2.2.1 Records to Keep

Ministers, Assistant Ministers, and staff employed in Ministerial offices create and receive different types of public records and are responsible for keeping public records about portfolio-related business regardless of format or how they are received. The table below provides a sample list.

Information Management Table: What records to keep?

Make and keep public records about portfolio responsibilities including, but not limited to, those which:



^{*} Websites and social media posts by their nature are public documents and are therefore disclosed.

What does NOT need to be kept?

Information relating to party political, personal, electorate, or legislative assembly matters that do not relate to portfolio responsibilities.

What transitory records can be destroyed once use ceases?

Duplicates, some drafts, daily routine administrative arrangements such as parking arrangements, committee meeting arrangements.

Ask the following questions:

What is the ongoing use and value of these records? To whom and why? Would I have received this if I wasn't the Minister/Assistant for the portfolio?

Check the approved retention and disposal schedules for retention periods (see section 2.2.2 below).

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2.2.2 Disposal of Ministerial records

Ministerial records can only be disposed of in accordance with authorisation from the State Archivist. Approval for the disposal of records is given in the Office of the Minister of the Crown and Parliamentary Secretaries Retention and Disposal Schedule & the General Retention and Disposal Schedule.

2.2.3 During a Minister's Term of Office

Ministerial offices may transfer ministerial records to Queensland State Archives when they are no longer required. However, prior to transfer, any Cabinet or portfolio agency records should be separated.

Change of Minister within a government

When there is no change of government but the Minister ceases to hold his/her portfolio, ministerial records may be transferred to Queensland State Archives or given to the Minister who takes over the portfolio responsibilities. However, official records that relate to the Minister personally (e.g. official diary) must be transferred to Queensland State Archives. Prior to transfer, any portfolio agency records, Cabinet documents and non-public records should be separated from the ministerial records.

Cabinet documents should be returned by the outgoing Minister to the Cabinet Secretariat before the incoming Minister takes up duties. Portfolio agency records should be returned to the custody of the portfolio agency before the incoming Minister takes up duties. Declaration of Interests of Chief Executive Officers should be recalled temporarily from the Office of the Public Service Commissioner and be noted by the incoming Minister before they are returned.

Details of pecuniary interests of any ministerial staff who do not continue in the employment of the new Minister should be forwarded to Queensland State Archives.

Caretaker period

In accordance with the <u>Queensland Cabinet Handbook</u>, Cabinet documents should be prepared for return to the Cabinet Secretariat upon Cabinet Secretariat instructions.

Portfolio agency records should be prepared for return to the custody of the portfolio agency at the expiration of the caretaker period.

Change of government

Cabinet records must be returned to the Cabinet Secretariat within 48 hours of the election result being known and/or prior to the new government being sworn in.

Portfolio agency records must be returned to the portfolio agency within 48 hours of the election result being known and/or prior to the new government being sworn in.

Ministerial records should be transferred to Queensland State Archives.

Details of pecuniary interests of ministerial staff should be sent to Queensland State Archives by the outgoing Minister.

In the case of electronic records, a full network backup of file servers will be made prior to deletion and forwarded to Queensland State Archives. Information contained on the back-up may be subject to *Right to Information Act* searches.

All other backup tapes held off site will be returned to Ministerial Services.

All electronic data stored in the ministerial network or held by Ministerial Services (including the returned backup tapes) will be deleted by Ministerial Services or its agent within a period of 48 hours after the election result and/or prior to the new government being sworn in.

If an electronic record is not deleted through an error or is subsequently recovered from the ministerial network, that record is deemed to be the property of the prior government and will be treated in accordance with the disposal authorisation given by the State Archivist.

If any ministerial records are to be transferred from an outgoing Minister to an incoming Minister, those records are to be in paper format and clearly marked as "Records for the Incoming Minister".

These records left in a ministerial office following a change of government will be available to the incoming government for normal ministerial duties.

Any other paper-based record left in a ministerial office following a change of government will be deemed to have been left in error. That record will be deemed to be the property of the prior government and will be treated in accordance with the retention and disposal schedule for ministerial office records.

2.2.4 Storage and Access

Records transferred to Queensland State Archives are stored in accordance with the retention and disposal schedule for ministerial records. Those records with the status of permanent will be stored by the State Archivist for release after 30 years.

If records are received at Queensland State Archives that are deemed not to be ministerial records, the relevant former Ministers will be contacted to determine what is to be done with those records. For example the records could be transferred to a department, or returned to the former Minister.

Where the former Minister cannot be contacted or it is inappropriate to do so, the present leader of the party which formed the Government at the time the records were created will be contacted.

Access by past Governments

Former Ministers who wish to access records with which they dealt personally while in office must apply for access under the *Right to Information Act*.

Access required under Legislation or by Courts and Investigatory Bodies

Access to ministerial records may be sought by a court, a tribunal or an investigatory body or, in any event, under the:

- Crime and Corruption Act 2001; or
- Judicial Review Act 1991; or

- Criminal Code Act 1899; or
- Right to Information Act 2009; or
- Information Privacy Act 2009; or
- other relevant Act.

Access will be determined in accordance with the relevant legislation under which the information is sought and/or the jurisdictional powers of the particular court, tribunal or investigatory body seeking the information.

Access by individuals

Access to ministerial records may be sought by an individual under relevant legislation and access will be determined in accordance with the relevant legislation under which the information is sought.

* Note: Where reference to a Minister is made in this section, it should also be taken to be a reference to an Assistant Minister.

2.3 Privacy

<u>Information Privacy Act 2009</u> (*IPA*) sets the framework for the collection and handling of personal information in the Queensland Public Sector. Ministerial staff will apply the principles contained in the IPA when managing personal information.

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3 Accountability and Ethics

3.1 Administrative arrangements

The Minister's administrative responsibilities are determined by the Premier and are set out in an Administrative Arrangements Order which is issued under the <u>Constitution of Queensland 2001</u> and approved by the Governor in Council. The Administrative Arrangements Order is published in the Queensland Government Gazette.

3.2 Ministerial Code of Conduct

Ministers are bound by the Code of Conduct of Ethical Standards of the Parliament and should also observe ethics values set out in the <u>Public Sector</u> <u>Ethics Act 1994</u>, that apply to the Queensland Public Sector.

In exercising their discretionary powers in the execution of their public duties, Ministers must comply with the Ministerial Code of Conduct.

3.3 Code of Conduct Ministerial Staff Members

Ministerial staff are bound by the Code of Conduct Ministerial Staff Members.

3.4 Declaration of Interests

3.4.1 Ministers

Declaration of interests

Ministers, like all Members of the Legislative Assembly, must comply with the requirements of chapter 4, part 2A of the *Parliament of Queensland Act 2001* regarding the provision of a statement of interests for recording on the Register of Members' Interests, and the Register of Members' Related Persons Interests (the Registers), held by the Clerk of the Parliament.

Within one month of taking office, Ministers must provide the Premier a copy of the statement of interests and confirm in writing that:

- the statement has been provided to the Clerk
- there are no other personal pecuniary or other interests that might affect their ministerial responsibilities (at that time).

If there is a change to a Minister's interests, Ministers must notify the Clerk and the Premier.

Conflicts of interests

Conflicts of interest arise when decision-makers have official obligations and responsibilities associated with a particular interest. This is because the interests that a Minister might have can bring into question their independence and impartiality, and this may lead to a decision that is not in the public interest.

Ministers are obliged to manage and resolve interest issues in accordance with the processes set out in the <u>Ministerial Code of Conduct</u>, and any guide developed by the Integrity Commissioner. This ensures that all conflicts of interest are managed in a way that encourages public trust in Government.

3.4.2 Staff members

Declaration of Interests

Section 24 of the *Ministerial and Other Office Holder Staff Act 2010* requires Ministerial staff members to submit a Declaration of Interests form to their Minister:

- within one month of commencing employment as a Ministerial staff member
- within one month of the change of the Minister
- as soon as practicable, and within one month of any change to the Ministerial staff member's interests
- on an annual basis during June each year advising if any interests have changed.

Declaration of Interest form is at APPENDIX 1

The relevant Chief of Staff and Minister should sign and date all completed declarations.

Conflict of Interests

Ministerial staff members must perform their duties in a fair and unbiased way, ensuring that decisions made in the course of their duties are not affected by self-interest, private affiliations or the likelihood of personal gain or loss.

Ministerial staff members are personally responsible for managing conflicts of interest between their personal interests and their official duties. Conflicts of interests are to be managed transparently and resolved in the public interest.

Where a Ministerial staff member's personal interest has the potential to improperly influence the performance of their official duties, the staff member must ensure that the conflict is managed in accordance with the process outlined in this Handbook and the Code of Conduct - Ministerial Staff Members.

Where a staff member identifies a potential conflict of interest, the staff member must prepare a Conflict of Interest/Other Employment Management Plan (APPENDIX 2) and submit the management plan to their Minister as soon as possible after, and within one month of becoming aware of the potential conflict.

Ministerial staff members are encouraged to consult the Queensland Integrity Commissioner in preparation of the management plan.

Where it is not possible for a Ministerial staff member to declare a conflict of interest in writing (for example, where the conflict is identified in a meeting), the staff member should:

- verbally disclose the interest
- if identified during a meeting make sure the disclosure is included in their meeting notes and remove themselves from the meeting / stop or postpone the meeting
- submit the written management plan as soon as possible after the conflict of interest has been identified.

The Ministerial staff member must comply with the management plan.

Penalty provisions

Staff members who knowingly fail to comply with the above requirements regarding declaration and conflicts of interests, or knowingly provide false or misleading information to the Minister, may, upon the advice of the Minister, have their employment terminated by the Director-General, Department of the Premier and Cabinet immediately.

Disposal of register

All details of pecuniary interests provided to the Minister shall become the property of the Crown and are not returned to the staff member. Disposal of details of pecuniary interests will be in accordance with the current guidelines for disposal of Ministerial records.

Completion of the Declaration of Interests

<u>Declaration of Interests Directive 01/2021</u> and the <u>Declaration of Interests</u> Information Sheet outline the interests that should be declared.

Interactive Gambling (Player Protection - disqualified Persons) Regulation 1999

Ministerial Staff are prohibited from holding or acquiring an interest in any holder of an interactive gaming licence issued in Queensland.

If staff currently possess any prohibited shares or become aware in the future that staff possess prohibited shares, then the shares must be divested within a period of 14 days, at no profit. If not divested within this period, then the shares are forfeited to the State and a penalty may be imposed (maximum penalty \$1500).

An exemption is made to the above restriction in the case of membership of a professionally managed investment or superannuation fund whereby staff are deemed to exercise no discretionary control over the investment strategy of the fund.

The Regulation also prohibits staff from being a business or executive associate of an interactive gambling licensee.

If staff have any doubt as to whether shares they currently possess are prohibited shares or not, they should raise the issue with their Chief of Staff in the first instance. Advice may also be sought from the Integrity Commissioner.

3.5 Memberships of boards, committees or councils

Ministers who are asked to perform duties or services for government bodies such as boards, committees or councils should note the following provisions which apply to all Members of the Legislative Assembly.

Members who perform duties or services for government bodies (eg. boards, committees, or councils) may receive 'reasonable expenses' actually incurred by or for the Member in the course of performing such additional duties or services.

The <u>Parliament of Queensland Act 2001</u> limits '**reasonable** expenses' to accommodation, meals, domestic air travel, taxi fares or public transport

charges and motor vehicle hire only.

Members who receive any fee or reward for the performance of these duties or services in excess of what is reasonable or for categories of expenses outside those listed above are liable to loss of their seat pursuant to the office of profit provisions of the *Parliament of Queensland Act 2001*.

Upon becoming aware of such entitlement, Members must, as soon as practicable:

- a. irrevocably waive for all legal purposes any entitlement to fee or reward, beyond the reasonable expenses described above, which are associated with additional benefits associated with the performance of such duties or services (eg. meeting fees);
- b. make the waiver in writing;
- c. present the waiver to the relevant paying authority for the government body concerned; and
- d. provide a copy of the waiver to the Speaker.

Further details about this issue are available from the Legislative Assembly Offices.

Additional information is also available in the Governing Queensland Suite of Handbooks - Welcome Aboard - A guide for Members of Queensland Government Boards, Committees and Statutory Authorities.

3.6 Lobbying Contact

The <u>Integrity Act 2009</u> is intended to promote trust in the integrity of government processes and ensure that contact between lobbyist and government representatives is conducted in accordance with public expectations of transparency and integrity. Lobbyists and government representatives are expected to comply with the requirements of the <u>Integrity Act 2009</u> and the Lobbyists Code of Conduct to ensure that all dealings between lobbyists and government representatives are equitable and transparent.

All requests by a registered lobbyist to meet with a Minister, Assistant Minister, or ministerial staff must be made in writing to the relevant Chief of Staff. This includes requests by any person working for the lobbyist in any capacity other than administrative staff.

A ministerial staff member (senior advisor and above) may only meet with a registered lobbyist or any person working for the lobbyists with approval of their Chief of Staff.

Lobbying activity, as defined under the <u>Integrity Act 2009</u>, is to be recorded on a register of lobbyist contact maintained by each Ministerial Office.

3.7 Gifts - received

This policy applies to Ministers and their staff and should be read in conjunction with the <u>Ministerial Code of Conduct</u>, the requirements of the Register of Member's Interests and the <u>Ministerial Staff Code of Conduct</u>.

Gifts are tangible items that have a lasting value. They do not include intangible benefits such as hospitality or perishable foodstuffs where there is no enduring value.

The definition of 'gifts' does not include those gifts which are received and

retained by the Minister, ministerial staff or their immediate family from family members or personal friends in a purely personal capacity.

Ministers and staff should not ask for or encourage the offer of any gift or benefit in connection with the performance of their official duties.

A gift may only be accepted if:

- it does not influence a Minister or staff member in such a way as to compromise impartiality or create a conflict of interest; and
- it is not an offer of money.

Promotional schemes offered in conjunction with official activities, such as instant scratch-its for free overseas flights or lucky door prizes won at official functions should not be accepted.

The State of Queensland will have first call to retain any gifts deemed to be of historical or cultural significance (eg. artworks) regardless of value.

Declaration and Allowable Limits

Ministers must declare a gift received from any source, which has a retail value of more than \$150, within 21 days of receipt (or 21 days from the date of return to Australia if the gift was received overseas) by completing a 'Declaration of Official Gift' form.

Ministerial staff must seek the Chief of Staff's approval prior to accepting or retaining a gift of any value. The Minister's approval for staff to accept or retain gifts with a retail value above \$150 must be included on the 'Declaration of Gifts Received' form. See APPENDIX 3.

The gift should be sent with the declaration to Ministerial Services for valuation.

An allowable limit of \$350 retail value applies to any gift given to the recipient by the same person. A gift can be a single item or group of items received either at one time or at different times on the same trip, in which case the aggregated value of the items should be within the allowable limit.

Gifts valued below the allowable limit may be automatically retained by the Minister subject to declaration requirements.

If a gift exceeds the allowable limit and it is not appropriate to refuse or return the gift, it remains the property of Ministerial Services on behalf of the State of Queensland. The Minister may request that these gifts be placed on display in a Minister's office or public building.

Ministers should note that the Standing Rules and Orders of the Legislative Assembly also require the declaration through the Register of Members' Interests of the source and nature of any gifts valued at more than \$500 from one source. This declaration requirement extends to where two or more gifts made from one source during the financial year exceed, in aggregate, \$500.

Procedures

Ministerial Services maintains a register of gifts received.

The Premier tables annually the details of all gifts with a retail value of more than \$150 that are noted on the gifts register. Details of the register are also published on the internet quarterly by the Department of the Premier and Cabinet. The Director, Ministerial Services may dispose of gifts not on display subject to the

approval of the Premier and in line with the policies of the Department of the Premier and Cabinet.

Subject to the Premier's approval, the Minister may donate a gift or request the Director, Ministerial Services to donate a gift on the Minister's behalf. A disposal of Ministerial Gifts form must be completed.

3.8 Gifts - made

This policy applies to Ministers and their staff.

In certain circumstances it may be appropriate for Ministers to provide gifts on behalf of the State of Queensland. This is a normal custom when Ministers travel overseas, but it may also occur domestically when it is appropriate to provide gifts to persons on behalf of the State of Queensland, (for example a reciprocal gift to an official overseas visitor to Queensland).

Ministers should select gifts with both economy and appropriateness in mind (ie. expensive gifts will not always be necessary).

Gifts badged with the Queensland Coat of Arms are available to Ministers (up to a value of \$1000 per annum) and Assistant Ministers (up to a value of \$200 per annum) to assist them to promote Queensland.

Badged gifts are to be used for official purposes at the discretion of the Minister or Assistant Minister. A Minister may also authorise a staff member to give a gift on their behalf.

Gifts are funded from Ministerial office budgets.

Procedures

Ministerial Services maintains a register of gifts made with a retail value of over \$350.

Ministers should advise Ministerial Services in writing when they (or a staff member on their behalf) gives a gift valued over \$350 retail, or two or more gifts with a combined value over \$350 retail, to the same person during the same trip. This advice should be provided as soon as practical but within 21 days of giving the gift or returning to Australia (see <u>APPENDIX 4</u>—Declaration of gifts made).

If a gift is to be made on behalf of the State, it is normally selected from the Official Gift Range maintained by Protocol Queensland in the Department of the Premier and Cabinet. The Official Gift Range includes items such as ties, cufflinks, scarves, business card holders, pens, badges and books.

Applications for badged gifts should be made to Protocol Queensland each year as a bulk order to the total value or half the per annum value and should include a purchase order from Ministerial Services. Costs will be charged to the relevant Ministerial or Assistant Minister's Office.

Protocol Queensland has a catalogue of badged items to assist offices making annual bulk purchases.

3.9 Indemnities

The guidelines for the grant of indemnities and legal assistance to Ministers and Assistant Ministers are provided at <u>APPENDIX 5</u>.

Separate guidelines relate to the grant of indemnities and legal assistance to

state employees. These guidelines apply to ministerial staff and can be found on the website of the Public Service Commission.

Defamation

Claims against Ministers or former Ministers have the potential to expose the State to the payment of significant legal costs.

Ministers need to exercise care when making statements about members of the public which could be seen as defamatory.

If a Minister is alleged to have made a defamatory statement, the Minister should have regard to the provisions relating to defamation in the Guideline for the Grant of Indemnities and Legal Assistance to Ministers and Assistant Ministers.

3.10 Accountability and budget process

The overarching documents relating to accountability in a Minister's office are the *Financial Accountability Act* 2009, Financial and Performance Management Standard 2009 and this handbook.

Ministers and their staff operate in an environment of rigorous accountability and their actions and expenditure are likely to come under close public scrutiny.

Ministers' offices for accountability purposes, fall under the responsibility of the Director-General, Department of the Premier and Cabinet, who is the accountable officer under the *Financial Accountability Act* 2009.

However, the Minister still remains responsible for the proper management and control of all financial transactions of the office.

The <u>Right to Information Act 2009</u> applies to the operations of ministerial offices.

The budget for ministerial offices is included in the appropriations of the Department of the Premier and Cabinet. This means that similar external reporting requirements apply to ministerial offices as to other functional areas of the department. These include:

- a. scrutiny by Parliamentary Estimates Committees;
- b. audit by the Queensland Audit Office; and
- c. published information in budget documentation tabled in the House and annual financial statements.

Ministerial Services maintain necessary accounting systems that ensure compliance with the requirements of this handbook and assist in correctly categorising and charging expenditure. These systems may be separate from and independent of other departmental accounting systems.

Internal controls are a key component of accountability systems. The primary internal controls that apply to ministerial offices are:

- Monthly budget and expenditure reporting. Ministerial Services provides each office with detailed transaction reports of all monthly expenditure incurred and a report comparing monthly and yearly expenditure to budget forecasts. Offices must examine and certify the reports, and then return the certification to Ministerial Services.
- Adequate documentation. Expenditure can't be processed without the

following adequate supporting documentation:

- original source documents, eg. original receipts, vouchers;
- appropriate authorisation; and
- an official order or other legal document, for all contracts/commitments.
- Ministerial Services checking. Ministerial Services assists the Director-General in meeting the obligations of the accountable officer through examining documentation and seeking, where necessary, additional information or explanation on expenditure claims. This includes reconciliations of such items as petty cash, overseas cash advances, and credit facilities (eg. credit cards, travel accounts).
- Stocktakes of assets and gifts on display. The register of gifts valued at over the reporting threshold is tabled annually.
- **Independent authorisation of expenditure.** Staff are not able to authorise their own expenditure.
- **Public reporting of expenditure.** Six monthly reports on office expenditure are tabled in Parliament. The report for the end of the financial year is audited by the Queensland Audit Office.

3.11 Public Report of Ministerial Office Expenses

The <u>Financial Accountability Act 2009</u> (part 2, division 2, section 12 Report of Ministerial Office Expenses, refers) requires that on a six monthly basis, a report of expenditure for each ministerial office, in summary format, is tabled in Parliament by the Premier. Expenses include costs for the Minister and staff, and office which is shown separately.

These reports will be due for tabling within five sitting days after 15 February (mid-year report) and by 31 August (end of year report).

The report to be tabled following the end of each financial year will be audited and certified by the Queensland Audit Office.

Procedures

Ministerial Services will prepare statements as soon as possible after the end of each six monthly period for each Minister and the Premier to review and approve.

Consolidated reports are to be provided by the Director-General to the Premier by 15 February and 15 August each year.

A copy of the mid-year report will be provided to the Queensland Audit Office for information.

In the event of a change of government, the public report for the former Ministerial and former Opposition Offices will be certified by the Director-General, Department of the Premier and Cabinet.

An example of the report is shown below.

Public Report of Ministerial Expenses for the Ministerial Portfolio: XXX for the period ended xx/xx/xx

Minister	Staff	Office	
	Staff	Office	
•		Jilice	Total
\$	\$	\$	\$
	503,638		503,638
5,588	67,778		73,366
	50,741		50,741
	3,171		3,171
5,588	625,328	0	630,917
6,454	11,933		18,387
10,698	10,099		20,797
17,532	10,659		28,190
			0
			0
361			361
2,520	10,130	99,160	111,810
3,513	8,932	1,507	13,952
	254	14,513	14,767
556	474	6,620	7,649
44.000	F0 400	404.000	045.040
41,033	52,480	121,800	215,913
796	1,430	4,869	7,096
48,018	679,238	126,669	853,925
	5,588 6,454 10,698 17,532 361 2,520 3,513 556 41,633	50,741 3,171 5,588 625,328 6,454 11,933 10,698 10,099 17,532 10,659 361 2,520 10,130 3,513 8,932 254 556 474 41,633 52,480 796 1,430	50,741 3,171 5,588 625,328 0 6,454 11,933 10,698 10,099 17,532 10,659 361 2,520 10,130 99,160 3,513 8,932 1,507 254 14,513 556 474 6,620 41,633 52,480 121,800 796 1,430 4,869

Director, Ministerial Services	Hon. XXX, MP
/	/
This report format may be changed by the Premier from time to time.	

3.12 Ministers, Assistant Ministers and Chiefs of Staff Diaries

Ministers and Assistant Ministers are required to proactively disclose on a monthly basis portfolio related meetings and events.

Chiefs of staff are required to proactively disclose on a monthly basis portfolio related meetings with external parties.

For any meeting with a registered lobbyist or any person working for the lobbyist in any capacity, other than administrative staff, the diary must also include details about all attendees and a short description of the subject matter of the meeting.

Personal, electorate or party political meetings or events, media events and interviews and information contrary to public interest (e.g. meetings regarding sensitive law enforcement, public safety or whistle-blower matters) are not to be released

Ministers' and Assistant Ministers' diaries are public records under the *Public Records Act 2023* and as such should be retained and managed in accordance with the Retention & Disposal Schedule at section <u>2.2 Ministerial Records</u> of this Handbook.

4 Expenses relating to a Minister's Office

4.1 Allowable Expenditure

Expenditure by the Office of the Minister must be for official purposes related to the Minister's portfolio, properly documented, available for audit scrutiny and reasonable for the circumstances.

Allowable expenditure falls into three (3) categories as outlined below.

4.1.1 Ministerial expenditure

Ministerial expenditure is incurred as a result of undertaking the official duties of the Minister's portfolio. This includes both general ministerial office expenditure and the Minister's direct expenditure.

Expenditure that is incurred by or for a political party is not a ministerial expense and should not be charged as ministerial or any other Government related expenditure.

Expenditure that is incurred by the Minister in relation to duties as the parliamentary representative of their electorate should not be charged against the Office of the Minister or a government department.

4.1.2 Departmental expenditure

Departmental expenditure means expenditure associated with the programs or activities of the department or agencies for which the Minister is responsible.

The department is responsible for providing:

- advice to the Minister;
- ministerial office accommodation, office furniture and fittings outside of the Parliament House environs;
- mail clearing, distribution and records' management;
- letterhead used by the department and ministerial office to prepare correspondence from the Minister and common stationery items (up to \$500 per item);
- library facilities to the extent such facilities are readily available to the department; and
- provision of and maintenance for office security systems and duress alarms.

The department is **not** responsible for providing stationery used exclusively by the ministerial office (e.g. business cards).

4.1.3 Whole of Government expenditure

Whole of Government expenditure is reasonably associated with more than one ministerial portfolio and/or cannot be dissected clearly between ministerial portfolios on a shared basis. All Whole of Government-related expenditure requires the written approval of the Premier.

Any difficulties relating to determinations in this area should be referred to Ministerial Services or the Premier for consideration.

4.2 Parliamentary Service support for Ministerial Offices

The Parliamentary Service provides:

- office accommodation, standard office furniture and fittings in the Parliament House environs;
- mail clearing for office accommodation in the Parliament House environs;
- library facilities to the extent such facilities are readily available to the Members;
- common stationery items to the extent that they are readily available to Members;
- car parking normally available to Members; and
- other administrative support generally provided to the Members (eg. Parliament House security, services by the Table office, training on services generally supplied to Members by the Parliamentary Service).

The Parliamentary Service is **not** responsible for providing stationery used exclusively by the Minister's office. (eg. business cards).

NB: Parliament House environs includes electorate offices normally provided to Members.

4.3 Expenditure that is not allowable

Any expenditure that is not allowable is considered private expenditure and is **not** to be charged as an expense of the Office of the Minister or departments within the Minister's portfolio. However, some private expenditure may be claimable as "Parliamentary business" under the Members' Remuneration Handbook. Private expenditure includes:

- personal expenditure;
- clothing;
- personal household articles;
- partner's wardrobe;
- hairdressing;
- dvd hire (in-house movies);
- club membership, except for airline memberships (Ministers only);
- laundry and dry cleaning costs except costs associated with the Minister's office (eg. tea towels, tablecloths etc) and costs incurred by the Minister and staff whilst travelling on official business;
- personal presentations including cards or presentations to any Ministerial or government employee whether employed on a permanent, temporary, casual, consultancy or any other basis (see <u>Cards and wreaths Section 4.14.1</u> for allowable expenditure on these items by the Minister as part of official duties);

- any costs incurred for or by a political party, including entry fees to political party functions, travel or entertainment costs by unelected political party members (see 4.10 Political Party Expenses);
- tipping, except for overseas travel; and
- donations (including donations to political parties). (see <u>Gifts Section 3.8 for donations of official gifts</u>)

Procedures

If non-allowable expenditure has already been processed, Ministerial Services will raise a debit note to the person who incurred the expenditure. The person has thirty (30) days from the date of this invoice to either dispute the charge, pay the debit note or arrange a repayment schedule with Ministerial Services.

4.4 Accommodation

4.4.1 Office accommodation

Office leasing, parking and utilities costs are a charge to the Office of the Minister.

Parliament House environs

Parliament House accommodation (including electorate offices and normal parking available to Members) is the responsibility of the Parliamentary Service.

Relocation/Repairs/Improvements/Furniture

Ad hoc requests for repairs, maintenance or the movement of furniture and fittings requiring works under \$10,000 may be made to the portfolio department. Any requests for accommodation changes and works over \$10,000, outside of the Accommodation Office's pre-approved program of work, are to be made to Ministerial Services.

Ministerial Services will refer these requests, to the Director-General, Department of the Premier and Cabinet for approval.

The Accommodation Office (AO), Department of Housing and Public Works or the portfolio department will undertake relocation, repairs and improvements in line with the *Ministerial Office Accommodation Procedures*.

See 4.2 - Parliamentary Service support for the Office of the Minister 4.1.2 - Departmental Expenditure

4.4.2 Refurbishment

The AO in conjunction with the portfolio department (or the Parliamentary Service for Parliament House and electorate office accommodation) will undertake the refurbishment of office accommodation, including furniture and fittings and office security.

All requests for refurbishment over \$10,000 should be sent to Ministerial Services (outside Parliament House environs) or the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly (Parliament House environs). Requests for refurbishments outside

Parliament House environs will require the approval of the Director-General, Department of the Premier and Cabinet.

The annual capital budget provided to ministerial offices is for the purchase of office equipment and associated costs. As such, funding availability within the department, the Parliamentary Service or the Office Accommodation Program is a prerequisite for refurbishments to proceed.

See 4.4.1 - Office accommodation,

4.2 - Parliamentary Service support for the Office of the Minister

4.4.3 Parking

Ministerial offices will be provided with a reasonable number of carparking spaces for official cars and any other necessary requirements.

4.5 Consultants

Ministerial consultants

The use of consultants (including persons, partnerships or bodies corporate) by Ministers to undertake tasks on behalf of the Minister should be limited in nature, scope and number.

Ministers may engage consultants only with the prior approval of the Premier.

Any Minister's office considering engaging consultants should contact Ministerial Services.

State Procurement Policy

The Minister must comply with relevant Financial Acts, all Cabinet directions, and particularly the Queensland Government <u>State Procurement Policy</u> when engaging consultants.

4.6 Delegations

Under the <u>Financial Accountability Act 2009</u>, the Director-General, Department of the Premier and Cabinet as the accountable officer for ministerial offices may delegate the incurring of expenditure.

However, **the Minister** still remains responsible for the proper management and control of all financial transactions effected under such delegations.

Staff members are not allowed to authorise their own expenditure or expenditure incurred on their behalf. The Director-General establishes, in liaison with the Office of the Minister, the appropriate level of delegations of authority to ministerial staff for the effective operation of the office. These delegations are to the person and not the position. They are not transferable. Delegation limits include GST.

A Minister may personally authorise their direct expenditure as well as expenditure incurred on behalf of their office. In addition, the Minister's direct expenditure (excluding entertainment) may be authorised by the Chief of Staff, and the Deputy Chief of Staff within the Office of the Premier, subject to financial delegation levels.

The Chief of Staff, and the Deputy Chief of Staff within the Office of the Premier, (subject to financial delegation) may authorise all other ministerial office expenditure for entertainment and travel. The Premier may also give approval for nominated ministerial staff to authorise entertainment and travel.

For internal control purposes, all proposed expenditure that is significant or related to expenditure by the Chief of Staff, should be discussed with and formally endorsed by the Minister.

An Assistant Minister may authorise their own expenditure up to a limit of \$10,000 and may request a delegation for a ministerial staff member to authorise expenditure on their behalf.

The Director-General may delegate authority to Ministerial Services personnel to approve routine and recurrent ministerial office expenditure. These delegations are to a position rather than an individual and are detailed in the Department of the Premier and Cabinet's Expenditure Delegations.

In addition, the Director of Ministerial Services can approve expenditure of up to \$100,000 on behalf of a Minister. Where practical, the Minister must personally authorise their own expenditure within 45 days of the Director of Ministerial Services approving the expenditure on their behalf. The reason for the Director of Ministerial Services approving expenditure on behalf of the Minister must be documented and attached.

Losses and special payments require the approval of Department of the Premier and Cabinet officers under the Department of the Premier and Cabinet delegations.

New delegations are required on the change of a Minister.

4.7 Hospitality and Official Functions

4.7.1 Hospitality (including Entertainment) - Provided by the Minister

Hospitality is for the purpose of furthering official business with non-government attendees. It must relate to carrying out official duties and fulfilling the official responsibilities of the Minister's portfolio. Expenditure must always be reasonable and appropriate to the circumstances.

Hospitality includes entertainment [which is the term used for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) purposes] and is generally the provision of meals and beverages but may include other expenditure (eg. event tickets) where there is a clear relationship to the Minister's portfolio. Hospitality also includes the provision of items such as travel and overnight accommodation.

Ministers, Assistant Ministers and Chiefs of Staff approved by the Premier may entertain.

The policy and procedures in this Section and Section <u>4.7.3</u> - <u>Working Meals</u> apply for all those approved by the Premier to entertain.

Hospitality should not be seen as a substitute for general business meetings which would ordinarily be conducted in the workplace. The number of government attendees should be limited to those who can assist in the performance of official duties and should be kept to a minimum.

Government attendees generally refers to persons paid by public funds, a Minister's partner and an Assistant Minister's partner. Part-time board members would not normally be considered government employees if they are not public servants and government remuneration is not a significant part of their income.

The provision of official hospitality to party political persons should only be undertaken where there is a clear official purpose related to the Minister's portfolio.

Tipping is not allowable in Australia. However, tipping is likely to be appropriate when providing hospitality overseas.

Alcoholic drinks only hospitality is considered a private expense. Tea, coffee and non-alcoholic refreshments only hospitality is appropriate.

Hospitality for ministerial staff, departmental staff or other persons on the government payroll where there are no non-government attendees is not covered by this schedule. See Section 4.7.3 – Working meals.

Reasonable limits

As a guide, up to \$120 per person (including meals and beverages) would be considered a reasonable hospitality cost. The cost of any alcohol should be reasonable relative to the cost of any meal. Authorisation of hospitality expenses should give due consideration to the appropriateness of the circumstances.

Procedures

An 'Entertainment Certification' form must be completed for FBT purposes for each instance of hospitality (see <u>APPENDIX 6</u>) showing the total number of participants, and the breakup of internal versus external to government participants. The number of external participants should be shown by organisation.

4.7.2 Hospitality (including Entertainment) Benefits Received

Hospitality benefits include entertainment [which is the term used for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) purposes] and are generally received in the form of meals and beverages. However, these benefits can also include (but are not limited to): travel, accommodation or access to a private spectator box at a sporting or other venue, tickets to cultural events, annual passes, memberships or use of facilities.

Since hospitality benefits have no enduring value they cannot be dealt with as a physical asset of the receiving agency as is the case for tangible gifts. However acceptance of hospitality still has the potential to give rise to a real or perceived conflict of interest or future obligation for a Minister or their staff.

This policy does not cover hospitality benefits received of a purely personal nature from friends or family.

Acceptance Principles

- A hospitality benefit may be accepted if it does not influence a Minister or staff in such a way as to compromise impartiality or create a conflict of interest; and
- it is received in the course of duty in respect of portfolio responsibilities, representing the State or the Premier has approved attendance.

Ministerial staff must notify and seek the approval of either the Chief of Staff or Minister when they receive any invitation of hospitality benefits.

Non-Acceptance Principles

A hospitality benefit may not be accepted if:

• it is likely to cause the recipient to act in a partial manner in the course of their duties; or

- the offer is concealed; or
- it is able to be exchanged for money.

4.7.3 Working meals

Working meals, which may include official morning and afternoon teas, are allowable where staff are required for official purposes to work through their normal meal periods and meals are then supplied. Working meals are not a substitute for normal office business.

Working meals are not to be regular occurrences, must be approved by the appropriate delegated officer and be held in-house for a clear business purpose.

Reasonable Limits

As a guide the allowance rates set out under the <u>Directive for travel meals</u> should be considered the maximum per person cost for a working meal.

The above provisions do not apply to working meals while overseas which must be reasonable for the circumstances.

Procedures

An <u>Entertainment Certification</u> must be completed and sent to Ministerial Services as circumstances may require FBT to be calculated.

4.8 Office equipment

Office equipment for Minister's offices includes such things as computers, printers, mobile phones, photocopiers, and would normally not include furniture, stationery etc.

Cost efficiency and administrative effectiveness should be considered when requesting office equipment.

The Minister's office is not to give away, transfer, donate, trade in or dispose of any equipment. Surplus equipment must be returned to Ministerial Services.

Procedures

Ministerial Services manage the office equipment requirements of ministerial offices. Standard types, levels and amounts of office equipment apply, and items in excess of the standard are only issued if a clear business need exists.

Purchases of office equipment will be made by Ministerial Services.

Ministerial Services maintains a register of office equipment as required by the Financial Management Standard. A stocktake of office equipment is undertaken by Ministerial Services in conjunction with the ministerial office at least annually.

Surplus equipment returned to Ministerial Services will be reassigned or disposed of in line with the Financial Management Standard.

Maintenance and repairs

Ministerial offices should organise maintenance and repairs of office equipment through Ministerial Services. Damage to equipment other than normal wear and tear should be reported to Ministerial Services together with brief details of how the damage occurred. These details are required for audit purposes.

4.9 Partner's expenses

Minister

All expenditure incurred by or on behalf of the partner of the Minister must be for official purposes, eg. where the partner of a Minister attends official meetings, entertainment, conferences and conventions either with, or in lieu of the Minister.

These costs would also extend to those occasions when a partner may travel separately from the Minister, to attend the same event.

However, the attendance of a Minister's partner, when not accompanied by the Minister, at a party political function would not result in an entitlement to have travel costs met by the State.

Assistant Minister

The general provisions above, which apply to the partner of a Minister, do not apply to a partner of an Assistant Minister unless:

- a. the prior approval of the relevant senior Minister has been obtained for the partner to undertake official business; or
- b. the partner of the Assistant Minister is attending as a guest of the Minister. In this circumstance, the cost of the partner of the Assistant Minister will be a charge to the Office of the Minister and not the Office of the Assistant Minister.

Staff

Unless exceptional circumstances exist, costs of a partner of a staff member would not be allowable expenditure.

4.10 Political Party Expenses

Political party expenses are not official costs and must not be paid from Government funds.

Where an official government activity is attended by a political party member, expenses incurred on their behalf for that activity are allowable if they are primarily for the official purpose and any party benefit is immaterial (e.g. a meal or beverage at a catered function).

Costs incurred by bi-partisan standing or select parliamentary committees, are generally covered from funds allocated to the Parliament of Queensland.

Departmental related costs incurred for a Minister's backbench committee may be official departmental costs. Such costs must be reasonable for the circumstances.

However, costs for a Minister entertaining a backbench committee are not allowable expenses.

4.10.1 Political Party meetings

If a Minister is required to attend meetings, conferences or conventions of a political party in their official capacity as a Minister of the Crown, costs reasonably associated with the attendance of the Minister and any staff assisting them in their official capacity may be charged to the Office of the Minister.

However, any direct costs paid to the political party in connection with the function (e.g. entry fees, meals, etc) are to be met personally by the Minister and any accompanying staff member. As attendance at political party meetings falls under the scope of Parliamentary business in the Members' Remuneration Handbook, the Minister can draw on their Parliamentary entitlements as an MP if their attendance at a meeting does not meet the above requirements. However, claims for the same item must not be made under both.

4.11 Telecommunications

4.11.1 Minister

Ministers are provided with additional telephones/lines so that adequate access to the Minister is available at all times. The cost of these telephones/lines is a charge to the Office of the Minister.

Residence

Ministers may be supplied with up to two lines for official purposes in their residence. Within this allocation the Minister can opt for any combination of telephone, fax or internet service that will best meet official business requirements. It should be noted that a maximum monthly limit applies to reimbursement of internet service costs.

In addition, rental and service charges and 85% of the cost of all calls for the Minister's private line in their residence will be a charge to the Office of the Minister.

Relocating phones within the Minister's residence is a private cost.

The above does not apply to Assistant Ministers.

Mobile phones

Ministers are given a smart phone with a car kit provided in the Minister's official car.

The mobile services are in the name of Ministerial Services and are billed direct to Ministerial Services. Reasonable call costs are a charge to the Office of the Minister.

Use of the phone is at the total discretion of the Minister including private non business use.

The standard for smart phones/tablets supported on the network is approved by the Office of the Premier. Privately owned smart phones can be connected to the ministerial network. Ministers using approved BYO devices must sign a BYO policy document. Non approved devices will be seen as a breach to the Ministerial network security and will be disabled.

If the BYO device is the phone associated with the Minister's electorate office, Ministerial Services will only reimburse costs identified as ministerial call costs.

Accounts in the name of the Minister

Reimbursements or upfront payments will be made for rental and service charges and 85% of the cost of all calls for the Minister's private line.

Reimbursements or upfront payments will be made for installation costs, rental and service charges and 100% of call costs for the Minister's official line/s.

Where a Minister chooses to use an internet service on an official line, reimbursement of 100% of the costs up to a maximum of \$100 per month.

Procedures

Telephone and other lines in residences will not be in the name of the Queensland Government. Arrangements for installation need to be made by the Minister or an authorised person. Payment of accounts in the Minister's name will be made:

- 1. by reimbursement once proof of payment and a payment voucher authorised by the Minister is submitted to Ministerial Services; or
- 2. direct by Ministerial Services on the account summary attached to a claim for payment authorised by the Minister. If direct payment is required, claims should be lodged as early as possible.

Internet Connection - Assistant Minister

An Assistant Minister may choose to be reimbursed 85% of a private internet connection in lieu of the reimbursement (by Parliament House) for one home telephone line.

4.11.2 Staff

The use of telecommunication equipment carries with it certain responsibilities. Incorrect or inappropriate use can have serious consequences for the government. The following policy and guidelines clarifies the responsibilities of ministerial staff in using this equipment and establishes standards of professional and ethical conduct.

Entitlements

Smart phones are available for staff for official purposes and will be provided at the discretion of the Office of the Premier. Staff should consider economy and efficiency when using this equipment.

The standard for smart phones/tablets supported on the network is approved by the Office of the Premier. Privately owned devices can be connected to the ministerial network if approved by the relevant Chief of Staff. Staff using approved BYO devices must sign a BYO policy document. Non approved devices will be seen as a breach to the ministerial network security and will be disabled.

In addition to smart phones allocated to individual staff for official purposes, ministerial offices will also be provided with an official mobile phone for office use.

Staff who are allocated a car and an office mobile phone will be entitled to a hands-free kit installed in the car.

Inappropriate Use

Telecommunications usage must be able to withstand public scrutiny and/or disclosure. Inappropriate use of telecommunications equipment can lead to disciplinary action and/or the revocation of telecommunication entitlements.

Unauthorised accessing, transmitting or storing of material that might bring the government into disrepute is not permitted.

Do not use official telecommunications equipment to:

- call 0055 or 1900 prefixed information lines;
- maintain or support a personal or private business;
- defame, harass, abuse or otherwise offend other users, individuals or organisations;
- download, store or distribute offensive material (via camera, SMS or MMS);
- access chat lines or information services that incur additional costs.

Staff should assume that information stored on this equipment (e.g. messages, photos) can be retrieved if not deleted by the user.

Any employee found to have used a Government owned communication or information device to download, store or distribute pornography will be dismissed.

Personal use of government funded telecommunications equipment

Ministerial staff are often required to be on call, travel for work purposes or work away from the office for extended periods. On that basis, reasonable personal use of government funded telecommunications equipment is permitted where it:

- is not used to support a private business;
- does not interfere with the operation of the Government;
- does not violate any State/agency policy or related State/Federal legislation and regulation.

Personal use should be kept to a minimum. Mobile phone usage is monitored regularly and reimbursement for private calls may be required.

4.11.3 Office

Telecommunications equipment and lines are provided to meet official needs.

Normal phone services provided to Members of Parliament are a responsibility of and a charge to the Parliamentary Service.

Satellite Phones and Conference phone

A number of satellite phones are available from Ministerial Services for loan purposes. Satellite phones are not provided to ministerial offices on an ongoing basis because of the high cost.

A conference phone is also held by Ministerial Services for loan purposes.

Repairs

Repairs and maintenance of any approved equipment and telephone lines are chargeable to the Office of the Minister.

Requests for repairs should be directed through Ministerial Services.

4.12 Transportation

4.12.1 Fines

Ministers and staff must observe traffic regulations (including parking regulations) at all times and any costs incurred through breaches of these regulations are personal costs unless there are exceptional circumstances. Refer to Procedures Manual for use of Government-owned Motor Vehicles.

4.12.2 Cars

Cars are provided for official purposes.

The Office of the Premier coordinates access to a pool vehicle for ministerial office use. Ministers and staff may also use hire cars, as and when required, for official purposes. Ministerial Services is able to assist with the hire of cars.

All staff are to comply with the Procedures Manual for use of Governmentowned Motor Vehicles that is issued with each car.

Staff members can only use their private vehicles for official purposes where:

- the vehicle has comprehensive or third party insurance coverage; and
- the insurance policy has been endorsed to indemnify the State Government against certain liabilities at law. The indemnity must be attached to any request for approval and claims for payment.

Ministers

Ministers are provided with a chauffeur and a CEO level car for official purposes. These cars are also available for private use. However, fuel and toll costs when on leave is a personal expense and should not be placed on the fuel card unless the Minister is carrying out work duties.

Fuel cards for Ministers and Assistant Ministers allow the use of automatic car wash facilities.

The car must not be used for any commercial or business related purposes, or to display any form of advertising.

Staff

Cars may be provided to senior ministerial staff. The number of cars per office is determined by the Office of the Premier.

Procedures

- Ministerial Services will advise the collection point for new vehicles. Remote location collections may only be arranged if there is no additional cost to the public.
- The maintenance provisions of the lease agreement provides for two (2) replacement tyres. Requests for replacement tyres can be made through Ministerial Services.
- Ministerial Services provides regular vehicle management reports to offices.

4.12.3 Taxis

Cabcharge accounts are provided for official travel by Ministers, Assistant Ministers and staff and are not to be used for trips of a private nature.

Only Ministers and Assistant Ministers are entitled to hold a Cabcharge card. These cards may be obtained through Ministerial Services.

Ministerial Services supplies Cabcharge etickets to ministerial offices for use by staff. A register of etickets held in the office should be maintained. Refer to the policy governing taxi usage.

When a government car has been issued to a staff member, taxis should only be used in exceptional circumstances and a reason provided.

4.13 Travel

4.13.1 Whole of Government Travel Provider

Ministerial offices may use the Whole of Government contracted travel provider for domestic and international travel.

Booking procedures and administration information are available on the ministerial intranet. In selecting flights, preference should be given to the most cost effective airline.

See 4.13.3 - Domestic travel

4.13.4 - Travel to and from the electorate

4.13.5 - Air charter

4.13.09 - Overseas travel

4.13.2 Cash advances

Cash advances are provided for overseas travel.

4.13.3 Domestic Travel

All domestic travel must be for official purposes in relation to the functions and activities of the Minister's portfolio or the Government. Travel for private purposes is not to be charged to the office. It is possible for travel associated with election campaigns to be official in nature, provided it is not for personal campaign purposes.

Domestic travel expenditure must be approved by the appropriate authorised officer. Ministerial staff members who are nominated as authorising officers cannot approve their own travel expenditure.

No travel insurance should be purchased. The Government self-insures for domestic travel purposes.

Domestic travel expenditure includes expenditure incurred by:

- guests of the Minister (whose attendance the Minister believes on reasonable grounds will assist in the performance of the relevant duties), and
- the partner of the Minister when:
 - i. accompanying the Minister for official purposes; or
 - ii. travelling separately to the Minister but attending the same function; or
 - iii. attending a function, conference or convention in lieu of the Minister; or
 - iv. attending a function, conference or convention in their own right as partner of the Minister.

Where departmental officers accompany the Minister, all their costs should be borne by the Department.

The Minister's partner and ministerial guests are only entitled to actual expenditure which is reasonable for the circumstances. There is no entitlement for meal allowances.

Ministers, Assistant Ministers and staff may claim allowances for meals and incidental expenses if travel involves an overnight absence.

There is no allowance entitlement for same day travel, however Ministers, Assistant Ministers and staff may be able to claim actual costs for meals associated with same day travel for official purposes subject to the provision of receipts.

Travel allowances for Ministers, Assistant Ministers and staff will mirror the allowances listed in the Commissioner of Taxation's determination on reasonable travel meal allowance expense amounts as published on the Australian Taxation Office website. The claim form and current applicable allowance amounts are available on the Ministerial Intranet.

4.13.4 Travel to and from the Electorate (office or home)

Travel between Brisbane (or another centre where the Minister is performing official duties) and the electorate for the conducting of ministerial business is treated as official expenditure. This ensures that Ministers and Assistant Ministers with regional electorates are not disadvantaged in meeting their electorate responsibilities.

Costs are to cover the return of the Minister/Assistant Minister to their principal place of residence or electorate office.

4.13.5 Air Charter

Ministers are entitled to use charter aircraft for official purposes when scheduled services are not available, or if using scheduled services would not enable the Minister to keep an official commitment.

Air charter should not be the regularly accepted form of transport. It is only to be used as a measure of last resort.

Twin engine aircraft should be used and Ministers should ensure that aircraft and pilots are rated for all-weather flying. However, if absolutely necessary, Ministers may be permitted to travel in single engine aircraft.

Suitable insurance coverage or indemnity must be arranged for Ministers when flying in a single engine aircraft or helicopter. (This is normally organised by the charter firm. Where not available, this will need to be organised by the Office of the Minister).

During an election campaign, it is important that charter aircraft are not used for personal campaign purposes (except to the extent they are used for normal travel to and from the electorate).

The use of Government aircraft should be considered as the first option for the charter of fixed wing aircraft however, costs will be considered. Costs for the use of the government aircraft will be charged as per the "Guidelines for the use of Government Aircraft for Official Transport". All inquiries regarding the use of the government aircraft should be directed to the Queensland Government Air Wing. See EXPENSES RELATING TO A MINISTER'S OFFICE - Government aircraft.

Standing Offer Arrangement QGCPO-609 may be considered in selecting air charter but best value for money should be the primary focus in such a selection.

4.13.6 Class of Travel

Ministers and Assistant Ministers may travel Business Class. Chiefs of Staff may travel business class if accompanying the Minister. Other staff members are required to travel best fare economy class unless:

- The staff member is accompanying the Minister or Assistant Minister who is travelling Business Class then that staff member may also travel Business Class.
- the plane trip within Australia is in excess of three (3) hours airtime, then that staff member may travel Business Class.

The above standards of travel should be seen as a maximum and where possible travel by best fare economy is encouraged.

Accommodation

Staff are entitled to a reasonable standard of accommodation when travelling, but should have regard to economy, functionality, access to the Minister and other requirements.

Procedures

Domestic travel may be booked through the travel provider by the ministerial office. When the Minister or staff are travelling with departmental officers, the department should organise travel arrangements for their staff separately through their own travel provider.

Each office will have a Travel Account for flights, booking fees, accommodation and some car hire.

The following procedures apply:

- a. obtain approval of Minister or delegated officer.
- b. arrange booking with travel provider (eg. flights, accommodation, car hireetc).
- c. The Travel Account is an official credit facility. On checkout, a guest copy of the account should be requested and any personal costs should be paid for privately.
- d. Travel Accounts will be sent monthly to each office by Ministerial Services for reconciliation and authorisation. The account will have a nominated date of return to avoid late fees.
- e. check that charges agree with the flights and accommodation booked and prices quoted, and that any credits for unused or returned air tickets are being credited to the account (these can take up to three months to come through).
- f. Travel Accounts must be authorised by the delegated officer and returned to Ministerial Services by the due date.

Allowances are only claimable after appropriate documentation has been provided to Ministerial Services showing that the trip was undertaken and the days of the departure and return.

The Government will pay for airfares home where a Minister/staff deviates from a direct route home for personal reasons, provided the cost does not exceed the costs that would have been incurred if the Minister/staff had flown home as soon as official business was completed. If these costs exceed this amount, the additional amount is a personal cost.

4.13.7 Airline Club Memberships

Ministers and their partners are provided with complimentary memberships to the Qantas Chairman's Lounge. Assistant Ministers retain their Qantas Club membership from Parliament House. Staff are not entitled to reimbursement for Qantas Club membership. However, staff can access the corporate rate for memberships. Ministerial Services can advise staff on how to access this rate.

Other airline lounge membership is available on a one-off basis, or for a yearly fee. Ministers may use the lounge if they believe it will assist in their official duties. This will be an official ministerial expense.

4.13.8 Government aircraft

Follow the procedures outlined in the "<u>Guidelines for the Use of Government</u> Aircraft for Official Transport".

Any inquiries regarding the use of the government aircraft are to be directed to the Government Airwing

See 4.13.5 - Air charter.

4.13.9 Overseas Travel

All overseas travel must be for official purposes in relation to the functions and activities of the Minister's portfolio or the Government. Travel for private purposes is not to be charged to the office. Official credit cards must not be used for private expenditure while travelling.

Ministers, Assistant Ministers and staff travelling overseas with Smart phones/tablets for either official or recreation purposes must contact Ministerial Services to ensure the appropriate actions have taken place to protect information and avoid international roaming charges on either work provided or personal devices.

Approval

Official Delegation

All overseas travel must have prior approval of the Premier.

All requests for overseas travel and a draft itinerary are to be submitted via the ministerial intranet only. The request will be emailed for the appropriate comments by Trade and Protocol then directed to the Office of the Premier for prioritisation and approval. Once approved, these details will be forwarded to Ministerial Services.

The submission for approval must incorporate:

- a. the objectives of the visit;
- b. the anticipated explicit benefit from the visit for the Department or portfolio related activity;
- c. the countries to be visited;
- d. the approximate length of travel;
- e. full details of accompanying persons whose costs are to be met from public funds:
- f. total estimated cost (estimates of airfares, accommodation, meals and other costs are to be provided).

Requests are to be provided three months prior to travel if possible. Urgent requests may be considered by the Premier on a case by case basis.

Travel by the Minister's Partner

If the Minister's partner is required to travel and costs will be incurred on their behalf, the submission must also set out:

- the specific benefit to Queensland attributable to the partner travelling; and
- a separate detailed itinerary for the partner.

The Premier's approval must specifically authorise any travel by the Minister's partner, including any travel when the Minister's partner expenses are met privately.

Recreation leave while overseas

Ministers or staff when travelling overseas may take recreation leave provided that:

- the official trip is over a week long;
- the period of leave is generally not longer than the official trip;
- there are no additional costs to the Government; and
- the prior approval of the Premier is obtained.

Ministerial Services must be advised in writing of any leave to be taken prior to the start of the trip.

Expenditure

Overseas travel expenditure includes expenditure incurred by:

- the partner of the Minister, whether:
 - accompanying the Minister; or
 - travelling separately to the Minister but attending the same function; or
 - attending a function, conference or convention in lieu of the Minister; or
 - in their own right as partner of the Minister, and
- guests of the Minister (whose attendance the Minister believes on reasonable grounds will assist in the performance of the relevant duties).

Where departmental officers accompany the Minister, their costs should be borne by those departments and not charged against the Office of the Minister.

Ministers and staff are entitled to claim a daily expense for overseas travel in accordance with the Commissioner for Taxation's determination on reasonable travel and overtime meal allowance expense amounts as published on the Australian Taxation Office website. The current applicable allowance amounts are listed on the Ministerial Intranet.

Allowances are only claimable after a signed itinerary has been provided to Ministerial Services showing the final details of the trip that was undertaken. (Refer to Procedures - Acquittal of Advance).

Report to Parliament

The Minister has to table a written report on overseas travel undertaken in Parliament within one month of their return. A copy of the tabled report is to be sent to Ministerial Services either prior to, or as soon as possible after tabling.

This report should detail the benefits obtained from overseas travel in addition to the details in the approval section (above), excluding any requests for recreation leave. Note that the total estimated cost of the travel is to be included in the report and/or the actual costs are to be reported in the Public Report of Ministerial Office Expenses which is presented to Parliament on a six monthly basis.

Reasonable Limits

Class of Travel

Ministers and Assistant Ministers may travel First Class. Staff may travel Business Class unless the staff member is accompanying the Minister or Assistant Minister who is travelling First Class, in which case the staff member may also travel First Class.

The above standards of travel should be seen as a maximum standard and travellers are encouraged to economise where practical.

Accommodation

When travelling, a Minister is entitled to a level of accommodation commensurate to their role. Staff are entitled to a reasonable standard of accommodation when travelling, but should have regard to economy, functionality, access to the Minister and other requirements.

Procedures

Booking Procedures

Once the Premier's approval is obtained, all travel for the Minister and his/her staff should be booked through the travel provider by the ministerial office. This should be the case even when the Minister or staff are travelling with departmental officers. The department should organise travel arrangements for their staff separately through their own travel provider.

Private Expenditure

Official credit cards must not be used to incur private expenditure (eg. DVDs, lounge bar costs, etc). When overseas, on checkout an account will be provided to all travellers for payment by credit card. Any personal costs should be paid for separately at this time. All documentation should be retained for acquittal purposes.

Travel Insurance

A travel insurance policy is in place for all official overseas trips. No additional travel insurance is required. Please contact Ministerial Services for details.

Cash Advances

Cash advances are provided in foreign currency.

Acquittal of Advance

The full acquittal of advances must occur within two (2) weeks of return. If this cannot occur within this time frame the office must advise Ministerial Services of the reason and expected date of acquittal. Before the acquittal can be finalised, the following must be sent to Ministerial Services:

- a) diary or final itinerary of trip signed by the Minister;
- b) appropriate signed and completed hospitality forms;
- c) slips showing currency exchange rates where currency was changed (eg. US dollars to Hong Kong dollars); and
- d) all supporting documentation (eg. receipts, etc.) for expenditure incurred from the advance.

4.13.10 Passports

In line with requirements determined by the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT), official passports issued to staff of Brisbane-based offices are held

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for safe keeping by Ministerial Services when they are not required for travel.

Diplomatic passports issued to Ministers and official passports issued to Assistant Ministers are not required to be held by Ministerial Services. However, they may be forwarded to Ministerial Services for safe keeping if the Minister or Assistant Minister desires.

Lost passports need to be reported immediately to DFAT and Ministerial Services.

Procedures

Ministerial offices must apply to the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) for the issue of Official/Diplomatic passports where necessary. Forms are available from Ministerial Services. Please contact Ministerial Services regarding the application and they will provide payment and a sponsorship letter as required by DFAT.

Application costs for official passports are a charge to the Office of the Minister. Upon receipt of a staff passport, it should be sent to Ministerial Services for safe keeping if travel is not imminent.

Official passports should be returned to Ministerial Services within two (2) weeks of returning to Australia or at the time of acquitting travel advances.

In accordance with advice from the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade, Ministers may use diplomatic passports for private travel if they believe they may be required to represent the State.

4.14 Other

4.14.1 Cards and wreaths

Sympathy cards and wreaths may be sent in situations which relate to Ministers carrying out their official duties.

Similarly, Christmas cards may be sent by the Minister to portfolio-related persons or organisations. See Ministerial Christmas Card Policy.

Cards and wreaths are a cost to the Office of the Minister and should not be incurred if they relate purely to electoral matters.

Donations should not be made under any circumstances.

If there is any doubt, please contact Ministerial Services before any purchase is made.

4.14.2 Credit cards

Official general purpose credit cards are not to be issued to Ministers or staff for use in Australia.

Ministers and staff may utilise private credit cards to incur expenditure for official purposes and seek reimbursement by providing adequate supporting documentation. The supporting documentation must be sufficient to allow Ministerial Services to charge costs to appropriate expenditure codes and ensure expenditure complies with this handbook.

Interest and other charges levied on private credit cards are not allowable expenditure and cannot be reimbursed. Late fees on official cards will be a personal cost except where delays are outside of the cardholder's control.

Ministers and staff may be issued with specialised credit cards (eg. Fuel card, Toll

card, Cabcharge) to incur expenditure for authorised purposes only.

Ministers and staff are normally issued with a credit card for overseas use only. These cards will be issued by Ministerial Services immediately prior to travel and must be returned to Ministerial Services for storage immediately after travel.

The primary use of these cards is for official overseas travel. They must not be used for private expenditure except in an emergency. By utilising official credit cards overseas, the need for substantial cash advances is negated and Ministers and staff are not required to expend substantial private funds and seek reimbursement.

The following requirements apply to the use of official credit cards overseas.

- If the card is used to pay the accumulated travelling costs of a number of persons, full details must be provided.
- The official nature of the expenditure must be clearly indicated on the duplicate copy of the charge docket.
- All supporting documentation, including invoices, must be appended to the charge docket.
- An official credit card of a staff member may be utilised to meet expenditure incurred by the Minister on the proviso that the Minister must ratify all costs incurred at the end of the trip.
- Cards are not to be used for private expenditure.
- Cards are not to be used for the purchase of items of a capital nature.
- Cards are not to be used to obtain cash advances or cash withdrawals.

Officers who use their official credit cards in a manner other than as set out in this handbook shall, subject to the discretion of the Premier, have their cards revoked and/or face any other disciplinary action which is deemed to be necessary.

Procedures - lost card

Cardholders are responsible for the safe custody of their card and pin number at all times and must report lost or stolen cards immediately as per the following:

Within Australia: 131 576

Outside Australia (except USA): +1 636 722 7111.

Within USA: 1800 627 8372

Ministerial Services: +61 7 3003 9068.

A written report outlining the circumstances of the loss of the credit card is to be provided to the Director, Ministerial Services upon the officer's return from overseas or within 24 hours of the loss being reported.

Official credit cards must be returned to Ministerial Services for cancellation when an officer ceases employment.

Charge dockets and source documentation are to be retained.

4.14.3 Petty cash

The Office of the Minister may operate a Petty Cash Imprest system for reimbursement or purchase of items of an insignificant nature and for minor expenditure. In all cases, petty cash must be used for official purposes and expenditure must be properly authorised prior to use. Refer to the <u>Petty Cash policy</u> for full details.

4.14.4 Purchases

Ministerial Services carries out procurement on behalf of ministerial offices.

Ministerial offices should send a requisition form with necessary supporting documentation to Ministerial Services for any proposed procurement.

All requisitions must be approved by an authorised person (e.g. the Minister, a staff member with expenditure delegation or Ministerial Services staff with an expenditure delegation).

4.14.5 Security

Personal Security - Premier

The Security Intelligence Branch of the Queensland Police Service is responsible for providing appropriate personal security for the Premier. Costs associated with this activity are met by the Queensland Police Service.

Personal Security - Other Ministers

Temporary personal security arrangements may be made available to other Ministers under specific circumstances from time to time subject to evaluation by the Security Intelligence Branch and the approval of the Premier.

Home Security

Where considered necessary, and subject to the approval of the Office of the Premier, the costs of the provision of home security to a Minister, to a minimum standard recommended by the Police Service or the Government Security Services, will be a charge to the Office of the Minister.

The monitoring and maintenance of an electronic system is also a charge to the Office of the Minister.

Upon ceasing to be a Minister, Ministerial Services will cease to pay for any ongoing security services. However, security equipment that has been installed will not be removed. Ministerial Services will contact the security provider and advise that security services are no longer required. Any further security services required by the former Minister will be a personal cost. (An exception to this will be if a Minister continues to be entitled to security in Opposition, or as a former Premier, or on the recommendation of the Security Intelligence Branch of the Queensland Police Service).

Office Security

Ministerial offices are to have as a minimum, a reasonable standard of security based on functional requirements and Cabinet direction.

The standard of office security for Assistant Ministers is based on functional requirements.

Advice from the Security Intelligence Branch of the Queensland Police Service should be sought to determine appropriate levels of security.

5 Entitlements

5.1 Staff

5.1.1 Chauffeurs

Allowance in lieu of Overtime

Chauffeurs are paid a fortnightly allowance in lieu of overtime as part of their salary.

5.1.2 Other Staff

Senior staff at the discretion of the Office of the Premier can apply to either receive newspapers electronically via a government issued smart phone/tablet or have newspapers delivered to their home address for official purposes. Such costs are met from ministerial office budgets.

5.2 Ministers

Expenditure Authorisation

Expenditure not exceeding \$10 million may be approved by the Minister.

Newspapers

Ministers have the option of either receiving newspapers electronically via a government issued smart phone/tablet or having newspapers delivered to their home address as appropriate. For regional Ministers this would include to the Parliamentary Annexe, when resident.

5.3 Assistant Ministers

The entitlements outlined below will be considered as a standard for all Assistant Ministers. Any variation to the standard entitlements will require the approval of the Premier.

Expenditure Authorisation

Assistant Ministers can authorise their own expenditure to a limit of \$10,000 per transaction.

A Minister may authorise their Assistant Minister's expenditure up to the Minister's delegated limit.

Home Phone

Entitlement as a Member of Parliament (MP) is paid through Parliament House. See section 4.11.1 of this Handbook.

Home faxes are not provided except where a clear business need can be demonstrated.

Travel Entitlements

- Allowances from Parliament House are available for MP activities, but not for official Assistant Minister duties.
- Refer to <u>4.13.3 Domestic Travel</u> for travel entitlements for official Assistant Minister duties.

5.4 Former Premiers

The Department of the Premier and Cabinet provides the following entitlements to former Premiers.

Premiers who have served in office for five (5) years or longer:

- a. reasonable office accommodation;
- b. Executive Assistant:
- c. telecommunications and correspondence expenses up to \$2,000;
- d. car and driver on an 'as needs' basis subject to Ministerial Services being provided with reasonable notice; and
- e. home security and other security arrangements if required as determined by the Commissioner of Police.

These entitlements apply initially for 12 months and are subject to review at the end of this period. Generally after the first 12 months, the office accommodation, executive assistant and home security are no longer provided.

The Premier has discretion to alter these arrangements.

MINISTERIAL STAFF MEMBER DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

THIS FORM MUST BE LODGED WITH YOUR MINISTER (THROUGH YOUR CHIEF OF STAFF)

Surname: Given Names: Ministerial Office: Declaration As a Ministerial staff member you have a higher level of accountability and therefore are expected to disclose your interests, including your partner and/or dependants within your knowledge. Sections of the form that are not relevant to the disclosure of your interests should be left blank. Ministerial staff member's certification I certify that:		
As a Ministerial staff member you have a higher level of accountability and therefore are expected to disclose your interests, including your partner and/or dependants within your knowledge. Sections of the form that are not relevant to the disclosure of your interests should be left blank. Ministerial staff member's certification		
As a Ministerial staff member you have a higher level of accountability and therefore are expected to disclose your interests, including your partner and/or dependants within your knowledge. Sections of the form that are not relevant to the disclosure of your interests should be left blank. Ministerial staff member's certification		
including your partner and/or dependants within your knowledge. Sections of the form that are not relevant to the disclosure of your interests should be left blank. Ministerial staff member's certification		
I certify that:		
 a) the information provided in this statement, properly reflects, to my knowledge, my interests and/or the interests of my partr and/or dependants; 		
 b) the information provided is in accordance with the <i>Declaration of Interests Directive (2021/01)</i> (the Directive); c) I understand that under the Directive, if there is a change to the interests after giving this declaration, I shall provide a revision. 		
version of the declaration as soon as practicable after the change comes to my knowledge; and		
d) I am submitting this form as: a new declaration on appointment		
a new declaration following a change in interests or responsibilities		
my Minister has changed		
having conducted my annual review of interests, my declaration requires no variation		
Signature Date		
Chief of Staff (for Ministerial Staff Declarations)		
I acknowledge receipt of the declaration		
Chief of Staff Signature Date		
Minister's certification		
I certify that the above declaration has been noted in accordance with the <i>Declaration of Interests Directive</i> (01/2021)		
Minister Signature Date		

Appendix 1

Partner and Dependants			
Partner			
Dependants			
Shareholdings in public	e and private companies		
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Name of company	Details of shares held	
Family and business tru	usts and nominee companies		
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Name of trust/nominee company		
Real estate			
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Residential home/investment property	Suburb and property details (street address not required)	
Directorships in or emp	ployment by public and private companies		
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Name of company	Position held	
Partnerships			
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Name of partnership		
Liabilities			
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Nature of liability	Creditor	
Bonds, debentures and	like investments		
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Type of investment	Investment body	

Appendix 1

Appenaix 1				
Savings and investm	ent accounts			
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Nature of account	Bank/Institution		
Other assets				
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Description of asset			
Other substantial so	urces of income			
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Source of income			
Organisational mem	berships			
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Name of organisation	Membership status		
Other interests				
Ministerial Staff Member, Partner, Dependant	Description of interest			
Other information wh	ich may be of assistance			
,				

Conflict of Interest / Other Employment Management Plan

THIS FORM MUST BE LODGED WITH YOUR MINISTER (THROUGH YOUR CHIEF OF STAFF)

Personal Details			
Name:			
Ministerial Office			
Date of Declaration:			
Conflict of interest or othe	r employment details		
This form is to be used where personal interests of a staff member has the potential to conflict with the staff member's official duties. The following detail should be provided in relation to other employment: Name and location of employer Duration of employment Proposed hours of work Duties to be undertaken			
How does the personal interest or other could conflict with the staff member's public duties? This should be a short statement about how the personal interest/other employment could conflict with the staff member's responsibilities			
Management Actions to respond to the conflict	Outline management actions required to address any conflict of	interest	
Integrity Commissioner Consulted?	Yes / No		
Staff member's certification			
	ails are correct to the best of my knowledge.		
Signature			
J	ot required for a Chief of Staff Conflict of Interest/Other Employment M		
	lict of Interest/Other Employment Management Plan	unugement 1 un)	
received the commet of interest other Employment Famingoniem Famingoniem			
		/	
Signature		Date	
Minister's certification			
I certify receipt of the Conflict of Interest/Other Employment Management Plan			
Minister	Signature	Date	

Department of the Premier and Cabinet

MSB005

	MINISTERIAL OFFICES				
	Declaration of Gifts Received				
	MINISTER/STAFF				
	Register Number:				
VI	linisterial Office:				
	ame:				
כ	ate Received:				
D	escription of Gift:				
=1	rom whom the Gift was received:				
כ	lease provide details of any specific wishes and/or expectations expressed by the				
d	onor in relation to this gift?				
	CERTIFICATION OF MINISTER/STAFF				
	I certify that the above property records the receipt of the Gift in accordance with the Ministerial Handbook.				
	Signature: Date:				
V	IINISTERIAL SERVICES:				
R	etail Value of Gift in Country of Origin In Australian Dollars \$				
S	ignature: Date:				

Please print on purple paper

Appendix 3

QUEENSLAND MUSEUM		
Is the Gift of historic or public use or value?	[] Yes	[] No
Do you intend to retain the gift?	[] Yes	[] No
Director:	Date:	
TO BE COMPLETED BY MIN	IISTERIAL SER	VICES
Date Gift Received:		
Date Sent for Valuation:		
Name of Valuer:		
Date Returned from Valuer:		
Gift Location:		
COMMENTS:		
ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RETURN OF MINIS	TERIAL GIFT	
I,, ackn returned to me .	owledge receipt of	the following gift
Office of the		
Signature:	Dat	e:

MINISTERIAL OFFICES

DECLARATION OF GIFTS MADE

BESEARCH OF CIT TO WASE			
MINISTER/STAFF			
Register Number:			
* Form only required for gifts over \$350 retail.			
Ministerial Office:			
Name:			
Date gift made:			
Description of gift:			
To whom the gift was given:			
Manufacturer's wholesale value of the gift in the place of origin: \$			
Value of Gift in Australian Dollars (GST inclusive): \$			
CERTIFICATION OF MINISTER/STAFF			
I certify that the above property records the presentation of the Gift in accordance with the Ministerial Handbook.			
Signature: Date:			

GUIDELINE FOR THE GRANT OF INDEMNITIES AND LEGAL ASSISTANCE TO MINISTERS AND ASSISTANT MINISTERS

Introduction

1. This Guideline states the principles and practices for determining the provision of legal assistance and/or indemnities to Ministers in relation to investigations, inquiries, civil proceedings and criminal proceedings.

Meaning of terms

2. In this Guideline-

"Civil Proceeding" includes, but is not limited to, any claim, action or legal proceedings taken against a Minister in any court or tribunal or other forum of any State, Territory or the Commonwealth, including proceedings for administrative matters (for example complaints under the *Anti- Discrimination Act 1991*) and proceedings before professional regulatory bodies.

"Indemnity" means -

- (a) the payment of any damages and costs awarded against the Minister or agreed to as part of a negotiated settlement; and
- (b) the payment of reasonable expenses incurred by a Minister before the application for legal assistance and/or an indemnity is made.

"Inquiry or Investigation" includes, but is not limited to, an inquiry or investigation by -

- (a) the Crime and Corruption Commission;
- (b) a commission under the Commission of Inquiry Act 1950;
- (c) the Anti-Discrimination Commission Queensland;
- (d) the Ombudsman;
- (e) the Commission for Children and Young People and Child Guardian;
- (f) the Auditor General and the Queensland Audit Office;
- (g) a parliamentary committee of any State, Territory or Commonwealth Parliament;
- (h) the Parliamentary Commissioner under the Crime and Misconduct Act 2001;
- (i) an investigation by a coroner of any State or Territory, including an inquest; and
- (j) any other State, Commonwealth or Territory body with investigatory or inquiry powers under a State, Commonwealth or Territory Act.

"Legal Assistance" means the costs of legal representation and advice provided by the Crown Solicitor or another legal representative.

"Minister" includes a Minister of the Crown, a former Minister of the Crown, a former Parliamentary Secretary, an Assistant Minister and a former Assistant Minister.

"Minister's Duties" include the Minister's official duties, the Minister's role as a member of the Cabinet including speaking about matters considered by Cabinet or the actions of Government and the Minister's role in advising another Minister about that Minister's duties.

"Relevant Department" see paragraph 20.

General principles

- 3. The State will provide Legal Assistance and/or an Indemnity to a Minister if the Civil Proceeding, Inquiry or Investigation relates to the Minister's duties.
- 4. The Crown Solicitor will normally provide Legal Assistance, but if it is reasonable in the circumstances private legal representation may be provided. For example, separate legal representation should be provided if there is a potential conflict in the State and the Minister both having the same legal representative.
- 5. The State will not provide Legal Assistance to a Minister in relation to an Inquiry or Investigation by a police service or other entity with responsibility for investigating offences in relation to the commission of an offence, unless approval in writing has first been obtained from the Premier. In deciding whether to grant approval the Premier must:
 - (a) be satisfied that the Inquiry or Investigation arises from or relates to the proper discharge of the Ministers' duties;
 - (b) consider the advice from the Crown Solicitor on the prospects of the Inquiry or Investigation resulting in a conviction; and
 - (c) obtain an undertaking from the Minister that the Minister will reimburse the State if the Minister is found guilty of an offence (pursuant to paragraphs 25 and 26).
- 6. The State will not provide Legal Assistance to a Minister to defend a charge of a criminal offence, including a charge made pursuant to a private complaint or a private prosecution, unless approval in writing has first been obtained from the Premier. In deciding whether to grant approval the Premier must:
 - (a) be satisfied that the charge arises from or relates to the proper discharge of the Ministers' duties;
 - (b) consider the advice from the Crown Solicitor on the prospects of a conviction; and
 - (c) obtain an undertaking from the Minister that the Minister will reimburse the State if the Minister is found guilty of an offence (pursuant to paragraphs 25 and 26).
- 7. A Minister is not entitled to Legal Assistance under paragraphs 5 and 6 and the Legal Assistance granted may be withdrawn if the Premier considers that:
 - (a) the Minister is not cooperating fully with the legal representatives appointed by the State to represent the employee; or
 - (b) the information provided by the Minister to support the grant of Legal Assistance is found to be incorrect or misleading.
- 8. The State will not provide Legal Assistance to a Minister to commence Civil Proceedings, including judicial review (which do not relate to the Minister's duties) and

defamation actions, unless approval has first been obtained from the Attorney-General. If the Minister making the application is the Attorney-General, approval must be obtained from the Premier.

Civil Proceedings

- 9. As a general principle in Civil Proceedings, including proceedings for defamation, the State will normally meet the costs of the Minister's defence and of any damages and costs awarded against the Minister, or agreed to as part of a reasonable negotiated settlement, if the claim arose-
 - (a) in circumstances in which the State is vicariously liable for the acts of the Minister; or(b) in circumstances in which the State would not be vicariously liable but the Minister was
 - i. exercising an independent discretion conferred upon the Minister; and
 - ii. acting within the scope of the Minister's duties.
- 10. The State will not meet costs or damages where the claim arose in circumstances where the Minister acted-
 - (a) maliciously or in disregard of the State's interest; or
 - (b) in a way that would make it proper for the State to seek contribution or Indemnity in respect of damages for which the State might be liable.

Inquiries and investigations

- 11. The State will provide Legal Assistance to a Minister in relation to appearances before, or making submissions to, or participating in an Inquiry or Investigation if-
 - (a) the Inquiry or Investigation relates to the Minister's duties; and
 - (b) the Minister has been required, or it is reasonable for the Minister, to appear before, make submissions or otherwise participate in the matter.
- 12. The State will not provide Legal Assistance to a Minister for the purpose of initiating or continuing separate legal proceedings by or on behalf of the Minister in relation to an Inquiry or Investigation, unless special approval in writing has first been obtained from the Attorney-General.

Application

- 13. A Minister may seek Legal Assistance and/or an Indemnity by applying in writing to the Attorney-General, or if the Minister is the Attorney-General, the Premier.
- 14. If the application relates to Legal Assistance for an Inquiry or Investigation in relation to the commission of an offence, or to defend a criminal charge, the Minister may apply in writing to the Premier.
- 15. The Minister must apply as soon as reasonably practicable after the Minister becomes aware of the matter.

- 16. The application must include the following information-
 - (a) the matter for which Legal Assistance and/or an Indemnity is being sought;
 - (b) the type of assistance sought; and
 - (c) any other material relevant to assessing the application.

Decision

- 17. The decision to grant Legal Assistance and/or an Indemnity is made by the Attorney-General and the Premier. If the application relates to Legal Assistance for an Inquiry or Investigation in relation to the commission of an offence, or to defend a criminal charge, the decision is made by the Premier.
- 18. However, if the Minister is the Premier or the Attorney-General, the matter must be referred to Cabinet by a Minister who is not seeking Legal Assistance and/or an Indemnity.
- 19. The advice of the Crown Solicitor must be sought before a decision is made. If the Crown Solicitor is not available to advise on the matter, a Senior Deputy Crown Solicitor's advice may be sought instead. If a conflict of interest arises to prevent the Crown Solicitor or a Senior Deputy Crown Solicitor from advising in relation to a decision, the matter may be referred to the Solicitor-General for advice.
- 20. A decision to grant Legal Assistance and/or an Indemnity must state -
 - (a) the matters for which Legal Assistance and/or an Indemnity is provided;
 - (b) the form of Legal Assistance to be provided;
 - (c) the department or agency ("the Relevant Department") liable for the costs of providing the Legal Assistance and/or an Indemnity, and, where relevant, for instructing the Crown Solicitor or other legal representative; and
 - (d) any conditions on which the Legal Assistance and/or an Indemnity is granted.
- 21. Legal Assistance may be provided for a stage or stages of a matter only, and may be reviewed at the conclusion of the stage for which Legal Assistance has been provided.
- 22. Where a Minister is granted Legal Assistance or Indemnity for a civil proceeding involving a claim in defamation, the decision-makers may make it a condition of the grant that the Minister obtain appropriate legal advice about any necessary steps, including to mitigate any damages the State may be liable for if the statement is ultimately found to be defamatory. If a Minister does not take appropriate steps, the decision-makers may take that factor into account in considering whether to amend or withdraw the grant or the conditions of the grant under this Guideline.
- 23. It is a condition of any Legal Assistance and/or an Indemnity that the Minister will:
 - (a) keep the Attorney-General, or the Premier if the matter relates to the commission of an offence, informed in relation to the progress of the matter at the intervals set out in the decision to grant Legal Assistance; and

- (b) provide itemised monthly invoices to the Crown Solicitor on a monthly basis, who will certify to the Attorney-General that they are reasonable and may be paid. It is then for the Attorney-General to determine whether the invoice is to be paid.
- 24. Where the Minister is the Attorney-General, the Attorney-General is to comply with the conditions in paragraph 23 (a) and (b) by reporting to the Premier.

Costs: Payment

- 25. Where the Minister is not represented by the Crown Solicitor, any costs of counsel that exceed the scale rates payable to counsel by Crown Law will not be met by the State, unless the Attorney-General and the Premier have given written consent prior to counsel being retained. Where the Minister is the Attorney-General, the Premier's consent is required. Where the Minister is the Premier, the Attorney-General's consent is required.
- 26. If Legal Assistance is provided, the costs of Legal Assistance may, subject to this Guideline, be met by the Relevant Department before the Investigation, Inquiry or proceedings are completed.
- 27. The cost of providing Legal Assistance will not be met by the State if the Minister is found guilty of an offence in criminal proceedings or of official misconduct as a result of an Inquiry or Investigation.
- 28. However, the cost of providing Legal Assistance incurred in the course of an Inquiry or Investigation may be met by the Relevant Department before the Inquiry of Investigation is finalised if the Minister has given an undertaking to reimburse the State for any costs that would not be met in accordance with paragraph 27. The undertaking must be in a form approved by the Crown Solicitor.
- 29. The Minister may not enter any settlement agreement in Civil Proceedings except with the approval of the Attorney-General and Premier (or if one of those is the Minister, the Cabinet) after obtaining the advice of the Crown Solicitor (or a Senior Deputy Crown Solicitor or the Solicitor-General if applicable).

MINISTERIAL SERVICES

ENTERTAINMENT CERTIFICATION

MINISTERIAL OFFICE:	DATE OF FUNCTION:	
VENUE:FUNCTION \$	COST OF	
ENTERTAINMENT Type:	☐ Entertainment ☐ Working Meal	
Description of event :		
-		
requirement for Fringe Benefit employees are considered ass	le for whom expenditure was incurred (this is a Tax purposes) Note: Partners or relatives of sociates for FBT and attract Fringe benefits tax. overnment attendees in the list below	
Number of Particip	oants Organisation of Participants	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		

Appendix 6

7	
8	
9	
10	

CERTIFICATION AND APPROVAL

Certification of Claimant:	Approval of Expenditure:
I certify that the above entertainment was for official purposes in accordance with the Ministerial Handbook and the information above represents the true details in relation to the event.	The above expenditure is approved for payment in accordance with the Ministerial Handbook.
Signature of Claimant: Date	Signature of Minister Date